Indian Journal of Mathematics

Volume 34, No. 1, 1992

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Charles W. Neville

FRAMES AND GENERALIZED GLEASON ALGEBRAS

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Abstract: We difine and study the generalized Gleason algebra of a pre-bi-frame, as a generalization of the generalized Gleason algebra of a bi-comparable bi-topological space. We prove a Stone representation theorem for an important class of pre-bi-frames (sup preserving Boolean extensions of frames), and use this to generalize and reprove a Loomis Sikorski representation theorem for frames in the context of generalized Gleason algebras of pre- bi-frames. Finally, we characterize the representing function in terms of adjunction and minimal properties.

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Abstract: In this paper we present a theorem that fills some lacunae in existing results in the study of absolute summability of Fourier series by Riesz means. The theorem given here links some apparently unrelated results involving different Riesz methods such as those with 'type':

 $exp(w/(log w)^p), exp(w^q), exp(w/(log w)^r),$

etc. The versatility of the theorem is shown in corollaries. Some of these are new, while some others provide extensions of known results in different directions. Results given here for Riesz summability are similar to those studied by Das and Mohapatra [5] for general Nörlund means.

P. N. Natarajan

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Abstract: Some results giving the existance or non existance of almost shrinking, semi shrinking and semi boundedly complete Schauder bases in locally convex spaces have been obtained. In some cases it has been shown that an almost shrinking Schauder basis is never semi shrinking. The converse, however, seems to remain open. Certain conditions have been obtained under which there are relations of duality between semi shrinking and boundedly complete Schauder bases and in barrelled space, between semi boundedly complete and shrinking Schauder bases.

S. D. Sharma and R. K. Singh

COMPACT COMPOSITION OPERATORS ON $H^2(D^n)$ 73-79

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Bassam Al-Nashef

WEAKLY DISSECTABLE COVERS

81-89

Abstract: We define an open cover \mathcal{U} to be weakly dissectable if it has a σ -closure preserving closed *N*-refinement. We characterize regular σ -spaces by having weakly dissectable bases. Finally we define a new class of spaces, called weakly *D*-parcompact spaces and study some of its properties, we prove that every metacompact weakly *D*-paracompact space is *D*-paracompact.

Giuseppe Marino and Giulio Trombetta

ON APPROXIMATING FIXED POINTS FOR NONEXPENSIVE MAPS 91-98

Abstract: Let K be a closed convex subset of a Hilbert space H and let $f: K \longrightarrow H$ be a nonexpensive map, z a point in $K, f_t(x) := t f(x) + (1 - t)z(t \in (0, 1))$ and $P: H \longrightarrow K$ the metric projection. We study the behaviour of the fixed points x_t and y_t of the maps $(Pf)_t$ and Pf_t respectively and we show that if f has fixed points, then $\lim_{t\to 1^-} x_t = \lim_{t\to 1^-} y_t$, where y is the fixed point of f that is closest to z.

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